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TNSR can be run on a Linux Kernel Virtual Machine (KVM) hypervisor host. The advice on this page is specifically geared toward KVM running on CentOS/RHEL, managed by libvirt.

A KVM-compatible qcow2 virtual machine image is available from Netgate® to use as a basis for running TNSR on KVM.
When creating the virtual machine, use the requirements on *Using TNSR on KVM* as a guide for determining configuration parameters before starting. For example:

- Number of CPUs, Cores, and their topology
- Amount of RAM
- Storage size
- Network connectivity type, number of interfaces, networks to which interfaces connect

### 1.1 Creating a VM

The following command will create a new virtual machine from the KVM CLI with the following configuration:

- 2 virtual CPUs (1 socket, 2 cores per CPU, 1 thread per core)
- 4GB RAM
- Import the *tnsr.qcow2* image as a virtio disk
- 2 virtio-based network interfaces

```
# virt-install --name TNSR --vcpus=2,sockets=1,cores=2,threads=1 \
--os-type linux --os-variant centos7.0 --cpu host \
--network=default,model=virtio --ram 4096 --noautoconsole --import \
--disk /var/lib/libvirt/images/tnsr.qcow2,device=disk,bus=virtio \
--network bridge=br0,model=virtio --network bridge=br1,model=virtio
```

After installation, the management console can be accessed with the following command:

```
# virsh console TNSR
```

KVM Frontends/GUIs can also accomplish the same goal. Use whichever method is preferred by the hypervisor administrator.
KVM OPTIMIZATION

Virtio interfaces use tap as a backend, which requires a memcpy() of each packet forwarded. Due to this design, the stock configuration can result in poor performance. The tuning suggestions in this section will help obtain higher performance in these environments.

Note: Though these suggested changes have been found to improve performance in testing, every installation and workload is different. Real-world results may vary depending on the environment. Generally speaking, values should only be changed from the defaults in cases where performance is lower than expected.

- Set the vhost backend driver rx_queue_size and tx_queue_size values to 1024 instead of the default 256.
  
  To set these values in the libvirt xml configuration for a VM, see Changing VM Parameters.
- Increase the number of queues in the vhost backend driver configuration, especially if TNSR is configured to use worker threads. This information is also in the section linked above.
- Try using SR-IOV VFs instead of Virtio interfaces.
- Try using a DPDK accelerated OpenVSwitch (OVS-DPDK) instead of a standard Linux bridge.

2.1 Changing VM Parameters

Some values must be changed by editing the VM settings XML directly. This includes the receive and transmit ring queue sizes and the number of queues.

When setting the receive and transmit ring queue sizes, keep in mind that some environments impose specific requirements on the values. For example, they may only work with certain drivers, or may have value restrictions such as being a power of 2 (256, 512, 1024, etc.).

To edit the VM XML parameters, use the following command:

```
# virsh edit TNSR
[...]
```

Find the interface tag(s) and the driver tags inside. In the driver tag, edit or add the desired attributes and values. For example, to set 5 queues, and 1024 size transmit and receive ring queue sizes:

```
<interface [...]>
  [...]
  <driver name='vhost' txmode='iothread' iodevfd='on' event_idx='off'
     queues='5' rx_queue_size='1024' tx_queue_size='1024'>
```

(continues on next page)
Note: Details of the above XML block have been omitted for brevity and generality. Interfaces will vary in their specific settings.

Start the VM, and check the `qemu` command line, which should contain `rx_queue_size=1024, tx_queue_size=1024`.

From within the VM, at a shell prompt, confirm the ring queue sizes

```
# ethtool -g eth0
Ring parameters for eth0:
Pre-set maximums:
RX: 1024
TX: 1024
Current hardware settings:
RX: 1024
TX: 1024
```

If the number of queues was changed, confirm that as well:

```
# ethtool -l eth0
Channel parameters for eth0:
Pre-set maximums:
Combined: 5
```

See also:

For more details, see:

- The `libvirt-users` mailing list, including this post describing the process.
- The `libvirt XML format documentation`